Документ подписан простой электронной подписью

Информация о владельце:

ФИО: Баламирзоев Назим Лиодиминистерство науки и высшего образования

Должность: Ректор

РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ Дата подписания: 27.02.2025 16:24:02

Уникальный программный ключ: осударственное бюджетное образовательное учреждение высшего 5cf0d6f89e80f49a334f6a4ba58e91f352609926

образования «Дагестанский государственный технический университет»

#### РАБОЧАЯ ПРОГРАММА

#### по дисциплине 2.1.1.1 «Иностранный язык»

Научная специальность: 5.2.3 Региональная и отраслевая экономика

Форма обучения – очная

Kypc 1

Семестр 1

Всего трудоёмкость в зачётных единицах (часах) — 3 ЗЕТ (108 ч.)

Лекции – (часов); экзамен – 2 семестр

Практические занятия – 51 час;

Зачёт – 1 семестр

Самостоятельная работа - 57 ч.

Рабочая программа по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» утверждена на заседании кафедры иностранных языков.

Протокол № 10 от «14» июня 2023 г.

Автор программы: к.ф.н., профессор 4. Абгуева

подпись

#### ЦЕЛИ И ЗАДАЧИ ОСВОЕНИЯ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ

Курс иностранного языка носит профессионально направленный и коммуникативноориентированный характер и предусматривает совершенствование и дальнейшее развитие полученных в высшей школе знаний, навыков и умений по иностранному языку в различных видах речевой коммуникации.

Целью курса «Иностранный язык» является совершенствование умений и навыков иноязычного общения, обеспечивающих молодому учёному успешное осуществление профессиональной деятельности в избранной сфере.

В задачу курса входит профессиональное использование иностранного языка в общенаучных целях (написание рефератов, статей, аннотаций, диссертаций и т.п.).

Конечные требования: наличие коммуникативной компетенции, необходимой для иноязычной деятельности по изучению и творческому осмыслению зарубежного опыта в профилирующей и смежной областях науки и техники, а также для делового профессионального общения.

#### КОНКРЕТНЫЕ ЗНАНИЯ, УМЕНИЯ И НАВЫКИ, ФОРМИРУЕМЫЕ В РЕЗУЛЬТАТЕ ОСВОЕНИЯ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ

В результате освоения дисциплины обучающийся должен:

#### Знать:

- фонетическую, грамматическую и лексическую системы английского языка;
- наиболее употребительную повседневную базовую лексику и основную терминологию по изучаемым специальностям общим объемом 2500 лексических единиц, из них 1000 единиц продуктивно;
- наиболее употребительные речевые формулы для стандартных ситуаций общения;
- методику поиска, анализа и обобщения содержащейся в тексте информации;
- культуру страны изучаемого языка и речевой этикет, необходимый для успешного общения на английском языке;
- источники получения информации (журналы, бюллетени и т.д. на изучаемом языке).

#### Уметь:

- читать и понимать литературу по своей специальности;
- грамотно излагать на русском языке содержание читаемой литературы в устной форме и составлять рефераты и аннотации на прочитанную литературу в письменной форме;
- понимать английскую речь и правильно выражать свои мысли на английском языке в ситуациях повседневного общения;
- вести беседу на английском языке при рассмотрении или обсуждении проблем по своей специальности, выражать свое отношение к ним и отстаивать свою точку зрения;
- делать сообщения по вопросам изучаемой специальности.

#### Владеть:

- лексикой по бытовой и специальной тематике и речевым формулам для стандартных ситуаций общения;  методикой самостоятельной работы над совершенствованием своих умений и навыков чтения, восприятия английской речи на слух, говорения, реферирования и аннотирования.

#### МЕСТО ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ В СТРУКТУРЕ ООП

Дисциплина «Иностранный язык» (Б1.Б.3) относится к базовой части гуманитарного и социально-экономического цикла. Для изучения дисциплины аспирант должен обладать знаниями, полученными при изучении дисциплины «Иностранный язык» базовой части основной образовательной программы высшего профессионального образования.

Дисциплина ориентирована на формирование профессионально значимых знаний, умений и навыков, обеспечивающих достижения уровня языковой компетенции, необходимого и достаточного для реализации целей научной и профессиональной коммуникации. Преподавание языка осуществляется во взаимосвязи со специальными дисциплинами.

## КОМПЕТЕНЦИИ ОБУЧАЮЩЕГОСЯ, ФОРМИРУЕМЫЕ В РЕЗУЛЬТАТЕ ОСВОЕНИЯ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ «ИНОСТРАННЫЙ ЯЗЫК»

Содержание курса обучения должно отвечать научно-профессиональным потребностям молодого учёного. По завершении курса аспирант/соискатель должен овладеть следующими умениями и навыками:

*Чтение:* чтение оригинальной научной литературы по специальности, чтение с целью создания вторичного научного текста в виде реферата, аннотации, тезисов как на русском, так и на иностранном языке

Перевод: умение адекватно передать смысл научно-технического текста с соблюдением норм русского языка; выполнение письменного перевода, как со словарём, так и без словаря (определённый объём текста за определённое время); выполнение устного перевода без подготовки.

Говорение: владение подготовленной и неподготовленной монологической речью в виде резюме, сообщения, доклада; диалогической речью в ситуациях научного, профессионального и бытового общения в пределах изученного языкового материала. Аудирование: понимание высказывания профессионального характера; понимание вопросов и высказываний в ситуации общения; изложение прослушанного сообщения на русском языке.

Письмо: письменная фиксация на иностранном языке полученной при чтении информации; письменное изложение и конспектирование прослушанного текста на иностранном языке; составление плана, тезисов, аннотаций статей на иностранном языке; составление деловых писем, делового предложения, запроса, благодарности и т.д.; заполнение анкет и т.д.

Кроме того, в компетенцию обучаемого входит:

- овладение культурой мышления, способность к обобщению, анализу, восприятию научной информации (ОК-1);
- способность анализировать социально-значимые проблемы и процессы, происходящие в обществе, прогнозировать возможное их развитие в будущем (ОК-4);

- способность логически верно, аргументированно и ясно строить устную и письменную речь на английском языке (ОК-6);
- готовность к кооперации с коллегами, работе в коллективе (ОК-7);
- способность к саморазвитию, повышению своей квалификации и мастерства (ОК-9);
- осознание социальной значимости своей профессии, обладание высокой мотивацией к выполнению профессиональной деятельности (ОК-11);
- владение иностранным языком на уровне не ниже разговорного (ОК-14);
- способность, используя отечественные и зарубежные источники информации, собрать необходимые данные, проанализировать их и подготовить информационный обзор и/или аналитический отчёт на иностранном языке (ПК- 9);
- способность производить речевое взаимодействие и анализировать информацию на иностранном языке в рамках профессионально-деловой сферы общения (ПК-24).

#### 1. СТРУКТУРА И СОДЕРЖАНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ «ИНОСТРАННЫЙ ЯЗЫК»

#### 1.1. Структура дисциплины «Иностранный язык»

1.2.

- Аудиторное групповое занятие под руководством преподавателя (состав группы не более 8-10 чел.).
- Обязательная самостоятельная работа аспиранта по заданию преподавателя по иностранному языку или научного руководителя (выполняется во внеаудиторное время).
- Текущий контроль в виде тестирования или проведения письменных контрольных работ.
- Групповые и индивидуальные консультации.

#### Внеаудиторная работа включает в себя:

- конспектирование и реферирование оригинальных и русскоязычных первоисточников научного характера;
- написание рефератов профессиональной направленности на иностранном языке;
- перевод оригинальных научных текстов;
- индивидуальные задания исследовательского характера;
- участие в научных конференциях с докладами на иностранном языке.

#### 1.3. Содержание дисциплины «Иностранный язык»

№ П/П	Раздел дисциплины	здел дисциплины Семестр Неделя семестр а	семестр	Виды у работ самос работу трудо часах)	ы, вклі тоятел студе	Формы текущего контроля успеваемости (по срокам текущих
				ПЗ	C P C	Контроль

Раздел 1

Совершенствование грамматических навыков и формирование и развитие навыков работы

Урок 1.  1.Грамматика: Местоимения. Глаголы <i>be, have</i> .  2. Работа с текстом по специальности  3. Работа с газетным материалом	2	1-2	2	2	2	Индивидуальный опрос. Тестовый контроль
Урок 2.  1. Грамматика: Оборот there is/are. Some, any, no. 2. Работа с текстом по специальности 3. Работа с газетным материалом	2	3-4	2 2	2 2	2 2	Индивидуальный опрос
Урок 3.  1. Грамматика: Времена группы Indefinite. <i>To be going to</i> .  2. Работа с текстом по специальности  3. Работа с газетным материалом	2	1-2	2 2	2 2	2 2	Контрольная работа № 1
Урок 4.  1. Грамматика: Времена группы Continuous.  2. Работа с текстом по специальности  3. Работа с газетным материалом	2	3-4	2 2	2 2	2 2	Индивидуальный опрос
<u>дел 2.</u> Чтение с различными целями ор	игинал	ьной спе	циаль	ной ли	терату	ры
Урок 5.  1. Грамматика: Модальные глаголы. Действительный и страдательный залог.  2. Работа с текстом по специальности  3. Работа с газетным материалом	2	1-2	2	2	2	Контрольная работа № 2
Урок 6.  1. Грамматика: Степени сравнения прилагательных. Степени сравнения наречий. 2. Работа с текстом по специальности 3. Работа с газетным материалом	2	3-4	2	2	2	Индивидуальный опрос. Тестовый контроль

Урок 7.  1. Грамматика: Прямая и косвенная речь. Also, too, either, neither.  2. Работа с текстом по специальности  3. Работа с газетным материалом	2	1-2	2	2	2	Контрольная работа № 3
Урок 8.  1. Грамматика: Времена группы Perfect. Сослагательное наклонение. Can't help+gerund. Would+infinitive. 2. Работа с текстом по специальности 3. Работа с газетным материалом	2	3-4	2	2	2	Зачетная контрольная работа № 4
Урок 9     Грамматика: Согласование времён. Сложное дополнение. 2.Работа с текстом по специальности 3. Работа с газетным материалом	2	1-2	2	2	2	Индивидуальный опрос. Тестовый контроль

Раздел 3. Развитие навыков разговорной речи повседневного и профессионального характера

Урок 10 Тема: The Age of Technology (Век технологии) Грамматика:Повторительный материал.	2	3-4	2	2	2	Индивидуальный опрос.
Урок 11 Тема: Ecological Problems (Экологические проблемы) Грамматика:Повторительный материал.	2	1-2	2	2	2	Индивидуальный опрос. Тестовый контроль
Урок 12 Тема: The Problem of Unemployment (Проблема безработицы) Грамматика: Повторительный материал.	2	3-4	2	2	2	Индивидуальный опрос.
Урок 13 Тема: Post-Graduate Research Work in Britain (Послевузовская научная деятельность в Британии). Грамматика:Повторительный материал	2	1-2	2	2	2	Индивидуальный опрос. Тестовый контроль

<u>Раздел 4.</u> Умение сообщать и понимать информацию профессионального и научного характера						
Урок 14-15 Тема: Public Speaking (Публичные выступления). Грамматика:Повторительный материал.	2	3-4	2	2	2	<mark>Контрольная</mark> работа № 5
Урок 16-17 <u>Тема:</u> Scientific Conferences (Научные конференции) <u>Грамматика:</u> Повторительный материал.	2	1-2	2	2	2	Зачётная контрольная работа
Итого:			3 6	3 6	3 6	108
ВСЕГО						108

### 2. ТЕМАТИКА ДЛЯ САМОСТОЯТЕЛЬНОЙ РАБОТЫ АСПИРАНТОВ

№ п/ п	Тематика по содержанию дисциплины, выделенная для самостоятельного изучения	Количество часов из содержания дисциплины	Рекомендуемая литература и источники информации	Формы контроля СРС
1	2	3	4	5
1	THE UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND. LONDON.	2	1, 4	Устный опрос Письменный опрос
2	THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA: GEOGRAPHY AND ECONOMY. POLITICS. CITIES.	2	1, 4	Устный опрос Письменный опрос
3	THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION: GEOGRAPHY AND ECONOMY. POLITICS. CITIES.	2	1, 4	Письменный опрос Устный опрос
4	POST-GRADUATE RESEARCH WORK AND DEGREES IN BRITAIN	2	1, 9	Письменный опрос Устный опрос
5	CUSTOMS AND TRADITIONS IN GREAT BRITAIN	2	1, 9	Беседа Устный опрос
6	THE REPUBLIC OF DAGHESTAN. GEOGRAPHY. POLITICAL SYSTEM. TOWNS	2	1	Устный опрос Беседа
7	ECOLOGICAL PROBLEMS	2	1, 4, 6	Устный опрос
8	MASS MEDIA	2	1, 6,7	Устный опрос Беседа
9	THE INTERNET	2	1, 4	Устный опрос Беседа
10	TOURISM	2	1, 4, 7	Письменный опрос Устный опрос
11	SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY	2	1	Устный опрос Беседа
12	SCIENTIFIC CONFERENCES	2	1	Ролевая игра

13	SCIENTIFIC REPORT	4	1	Письменный опрос
14	HOW TO WRITE RESEARCH PAPERS	4	1	Устный опрос
				Беседа
15	COMPUTER IN OUR LIFE	2	1	Устный опрос
				Беседа
16	THE POLITICIAN I TRUST TO	2	1	Беседа
17	THE PROBLEM	2		Устный опрос
	OF UNEMPLOYMENT			Беседа
	IN DAGHESTAN			
18	MY PLANS FOR FUTURE	2	1	Устный опрос
				Беседа
	ИТОГО:	38		

#### 3. ОБРАЗОВАТЕЛЬНЫЕ ТЕХНОЛОГИИ

В рамках обучения курсу «Иностранный язык» уделяется особое внимание установлению межпредметных связей, демонстрации возможности применения полученных знаний в практической и научной деятельности.

В процессе выполнения практических занятий используются следующие методы:

- 1. Исследовательский метод обучения
- 2. Групповая форма обучения
- 3. Компетентностный подход
- 4. Междисциплинарный подход
- 5. Проблемно-ориентированный подход

Ф00	Лекции	Л	П3	Тренинг,	CPC	К.пр.
Методы		Р		мастер-		
				класс		
IT-Методы			+	+		
Работа в команде			+	+		
Case-study			+	+		
Методы проблемного				+		
обучения						
Обучение			+	+		
на основе опыта						
Опережающая					+	
самостоятельная						
работа						
Проектный метод				+		
Поисковый метод					+	
Исследовательский						
метод						
Другие методы						

Удельный вес занятий с применением интерактивных форм обучения составляет 20% аудиторных занятий (14 часов)

#### 4. УЧЕБНЫЕ МАТЕРИАЛЫ

При отборе учебных материалов для развития вышеперечисленных навыков и умений следует учитывать характер материалов (источники), объём и тематическую направленность текстового материала для каждого вида речевой деятельности.

Для чтения используются статьи из зарубежных научных журналов, монографий, сборников; материалы общеполитической и культуроведческой направленности (газеты, журналы, книги и т.д.).

Для перевода используются аналогичные материалы, исключая материалы общеполитической и культуроведческой направленности.

Кроме того, для чтения и перевода используются оригинальные журнальные статьи по проблемам специальности (проблемные статьи; современные тенденции развития науки и техники; технические изобретения и их применение).

Для говорения используются учебные пособия по разговорной речи, как общего характера, так и профессиональной направленности, а также газетные статьи.

Для аудирования используются аудио- и видеозаписи, как общего характера, так и профессиональной направленности: фрагменты лекций, сообщений, докладов.

Для письма используются пособия образца тезисов, аннотаций, деловых писем и т.п.

Для говорения и аудирования используются материалы, характерные для ситуаций повседневного общения в зарубежных странах в типичных ситуациях (аэропорт, вокзал, гостиница, конференц-зал и т.д.), а также типичные формулы общения, используемые во время дискуссий, при выступлениях и т.д.

Объём учебного материала: Обязательный объём материалов прочитанной литературы в конце курса — не менее 300 тыс.печ.знаков. Рекомендуемый объём материалов для чтения и перевода на одно занятие — не менее 8 тыс.печ.знаков. Объём определяется уровнем подготовки аспиранта.

Рекомендуемое соотношение материала по объёму следующее: профессиональноориентированная литература – 80%, общеполитическая и страноведческая – 20%.

Рекомендуемая продолжительность одного занятия – 2 академических часа.

#### 6. ОЦЕНОЧНЫЕ СРЕДСТВА ДЛЯ ТЕКУЩЕГО КОНТРОЛЯ УСПЕВАЕМОСТИ, А ТАКЖЕ АТТЕСТАЦИИ ПО ИТОГАМ ОСВОЕНИЯ КУРСА «ИНОСТРАННЫЙ ЯЗЫК»

#### Контрольная работа № 1.

1.	The travel agent says we	a great time	in Spain.
	a) will have	b) would have	
	c) have	d) will have had	d
2.	His mother insists on his _	with his stud	ies.
	a) to go on	b) going on	
	<ul><li>c) having go on</li></ul>	d) be going on	
3.	I usually wear skirts but to	oday I blacl	k trousers.
	a) wears	b) am wearing	
	c) wearing	d) was wearing	
4.	Have you ever been to Fr	ance? – Yes, I _	there last August.
	<ul><li>a) had been</li></ul>	b) went	
	c) have been	d) were	
5.	It's Mr Smith,?		
	a) is it b) is not it	c) isn't it	d) isn't he

C) has d) will have to 7. I breakfast when the phone rang. a) had b) have c) am having d) was having 8. I have no intention here any longer. a) to stay b) have started c) of staying d) at staying 9. When I received the telegram, I home at once. a) starting b) have started c) was started d) started 10. I do it yesterday because of my headache. a) wasn't able b) shouldn't c) wasn't able b) has c) is to d) might 3. I asked my mother if I visit a friend of mine. a) may b) can c) could d) must 4. She answered that I to do my homework first. a) must b) can c) have to d) had 5. You visit your friend in the evening. a) are able b) will be permitted to c) will be allowed d) will be able 6. You have a nice time here. a) can b) need c) ought d) are 7. my people go! a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has 8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner. a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went 9. She didn't know if she meal It heir requirements. a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able 10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not		6.	I think John translate this document.  a) have to b) will have
a) had b) have c) am having d) was having 8. I have no intention here any longer. a) to stay b) have started c) of staying d) at staying 9. When I received the telegram, I home at once. a) starting b) have started c) was started d) started 10. I do it yesterday because of my headache. a) wasn't able b) shouldn't c) wasn't able to d) was  KOHTDONIHARI PAGOTA № 2.  1. They come to us tonight. a) couldn't b) are c) may d) ought 2. Tomorrow it be cold. a) need b) has c) is to d) might 3. I asked my mother if I visit a friend of mine. a) may b) can c) could d) must 4. She answered that I to do my homework first. a) must b) can c) have to d) had 5. You visit your friend in the evening. a) are able b) will be permitted to c) will be allowed d) will be able 6. You have a nice time here. a) can b) need c) ought d) are 7my people go! a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has 8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner. a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went 9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements. a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able 10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not			c) has d) will have to
8. I have no intention here any longer. a) to stay		7.	
8. I have no intention here any longer. a) to stay			a) had b) have
a) to stay b) have started c) of staying d) at staying  9. When I received the telegram, I home at once. a) starting b) have started c) was started d) started  10. I do it yesterday because of my headache. a) wasn't able b) shouldn't c) wasn't able to d) was    Kohtponbhas pa6ota № 2.     1. They come to us tonight. a) couldn't b) are c) may d) ought   2. Tomorrow it be cold. a) need b) has c) is to d) might   3. I asked my mother if I visit a friend of mine. a) may b) can c) could d) must   4. She answered that I to do my homework first. a) must b) can c) have to d) had   5. You visit your friend in the evening. a) are able b) will be permitted to c) will be allowed d) will be able   6. You have a nice time here. a) can b) need c) ought d) are   7my people go! a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has   8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner. a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went   9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements. a) will be able c) could d) would be able   10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not		^	
9. When I received the telegram, I home at once. a) starting b) have started c) was started d) started 10. I do it yesterday because of my headache. a) wasn't able b) shouldn't c) wasn't able to d) was  Kонтрольная работа № 2.  1. They come to us tonight. a) couldn't b) are c) may d) ought 2. Tomorrow it be cold. a) need b) has c) is to d) might 3. I asked my mother if I visit a friend of mine. a) may b) can c) could d) must 4. She answered that I to do my homework first. a) must b) can c) have to d) had 5. You visit your friend in the evening. a) are able b) will be permitted to c) will be allowed d) will be able 6. You have a nice time here. a) can b) need c) ought d) are  7my people go! a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has 8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner. a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went  9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements. a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able 10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak d) speaks not  Kонтрольная работа № 3.		8.	I have no intention here any longer.
9. When I received the telegram, I home at once. a) starting b) have started c) was started d) started 10. I do it yesterday because of my headache. a) wasn't able b) shouldn't c) wasn't able to d) was  Kонтрольная работа № 2.  1. They come to us tonight. a) couldn't b) are c) may d) ought 2. Tomorrow it be cold. a) need b) has c) is to d) might 3. I asked my mother if I visit a friend of mine. a) may b) can c) could d) must 4. She answered that I to do my homework first. a) must b) can c) have to d) had 5. You visit your friend in the evening. a) are able b) will be permitted to c) will be allowed d) will be able 6. You have a nice time here. a) can b) need c) ought d) are  7my people go! a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has 8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner. a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went  9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements. a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able 10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak d) speaks not  Kонтрольная работа № 3.			a) to stay b) have started
a) starting b) have started c) was started d) started  10. I do it yesterday because of my headache. a) wasn't able b) shouldn't c) wasn't able to d) was    KOHTPOJISHAS PAGOTA № 2.		^	
10. I do it yesterday because of my headache. a) wasn't able b) shouldn't c) wasn't able to d) was  Kонтрольная работа № 2.  1. They come to us tonight. a) couldn't b) are c) may d) ought 2. Tomorrow it be cold. a) need b) has c) is to d) might 3. I asked my mother if I visit a friend of mine. a) may b) can c) could d) must 4. She answered that I to do my homework first. a) must b) can c) have to d) had 5. You visit your friend in the evening. a) are able b) will be permitted to c) will be allowed d) will be able 6. You have a nice time here. a) can b) need c) ought d) are  7my people go! a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has 8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner. a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went 9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements. a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able 10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not		9.	when I received the telegram, I home at once.
10. I do it yesterday because of my headache. a) wasn't able b) shouldn't c) wasn't able to d) was  Kонтрольная работа № 2.  1. They come to us tonight. a) couldn't b) are c) may d) ought 2. Tomorrow it be cold. a) need b) has c) is to d) might 3. I asked my mother if I visit a friend of mine. a) may b) can c) could d) must 4. She answered that I to do my homework first. a) must b) can c) have to d) had 5. You visit your friend in the evening. a) are able b) will be permitted to c) will be allowed d) will be able 6. You have a nice time here. a) can b) need c) ought d) are  7my people go! a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has 8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner. a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went 9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements. a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able 10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not			a) starting b) nave started
a) wasn't able b) shouldn't c) wasn't able to d) was  KOHTPOЛЬНАЯ работа № 2.  1. They come to us tonight.		10	
C) wasn't able to d) was  KOHTPOЛЬНАЯ работа № 2.  1. They come to us tonight.		10.	
Контрольная работа № 2.         1. They come to us tonight.         a) couldn't b) are c) may d) ought         2. Tomorrow it be cold.         a) need b) has c) is to d) might         3. I asked my mother if I visit a friend of mine.         a) may b) can c) could d) must         4. She answered that I to do my homework first.         a) must b) can c) have to d) had         5. You visit your friend in the evening.         a) are able b) will be permitted to c) will be allowed d) will be able         6. You have a nice time here.         a) can b) need c) ought d) are         7my people go!         a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has         8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner.         a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went         9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements.         a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able         10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian.         a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not			a) wasn't able to d) was
1. They come to us tonight. a) couldn't b) are c) may d) ought  2. Tomorrow it be cold. a) need b) has c) is to d) might  3. I asked my mother if I visit a friend of mine. a) may b) can c) could d) must  4. She answered that I to do my homework first. a) must b) can c) have to d) had  5. You visit your friend in the evening. a) are able b) will be permitted to c) will be allowed d) will be able 6. You have a nice time here. a) can b) need c) ought d) are  7my people go! a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has  8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner. a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went  9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements. a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able  10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not			c) wasn table to d) was
a) couldn't b) are c) may d) ought  2. Тотогого it be cold. a) need b) has c) is to d) might  3. I asked my mother if I visit a friend of mine. a) may b) can c) could d) must  4. She answered that I to do my homework first. a) must b) can c) have to d) had  5. You visit your friend in the evening. a) are able b) will be permitted to c) will be allowed d) will be able  6. You have a nice time here. a) can b) need c) ought d) are  7my people go! a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has  8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner. a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went  9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements. a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able 10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak b) not speaks d) speaks not  Контрольная работа № 3.	<u>Контро</u>	ЛЬН	ая работа № 2.
a) couldn't b) are c) may d) ought  2. Тотогого it be cold. a) need b) has c) is to d) might  3. I asked my mother if I visit a friend of mine. a) may b) can c) could d) must  4. She answered that I to do my homework first. a) must b) can c) have to d) had  5. You visit your friend in the evening. a) are able b) will be permitted to c) will be allowed d) will be able  6. You have a nice time here. a) can b) need c) ought d) are  7my people go! a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has  8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner. a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went  9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements. a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able 10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak b) not speaks d) speaks not  Контрольная работа № 3.		1	They come to us tonight
c) may d) ought  2. Томоггоw it be cold.  a) need b) has c) is to d) might  3. I asked my mother if I visit a friend of mine. a) may b) can c) could d) must  4. She answered that I to do my homework first. a) must b) can c) have to d) had  5. You visit your friend in the evening. a) are able b) will be permitted to c) will be allowed d) will be able  6. You have a nice time here. a) can b) need c) ought d) are  7my people go! a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has  8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner. a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went  9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements. a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able  10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not		"	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
a) need c) is to d) might  3. I asked my mother if I visit a friend of mine.  a) may b) can c) could d) must  4. She answered that I to do my homework first. a) must b) can c) have to d) had  5. You visit your friend in the evening. a) are able b) will be permitted to c) will be allowed d) will be able  6. You have a nice time here. a) can b) need c) ought d) are  7my people go! a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has  8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner. a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went  9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements. a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able  10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not  Kонтрольная работа № 3.			c) may d) quaht
a) need c) is to d) might  3. I asked my mother if I visit a friend of mine.  a) may b) can c) could d) must  4. She answered that I to do my homework first. a) must b) can c) have to d) had  5. You visit your friend in the evening. a) are able b) will be permitted to c) will be allowed d) will be able  6. You have a nice time here. a) can b) need c) ought d) are  7my people go! a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has  8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner. a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went  9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements. a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able  10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not  Kонтрольная работа № 3.		2.	Tomorrow it he cold
c) is to d) might  3. I asked my mother if I visit a friend of mine.  a) may b) can c) could d) must  4. She answered that I to do my homework first.  a) must b) can c) have to d) had  5. You visit your friend in the evening. a) are able b) will be permitted to c) will be allowed d) will be able  6. You have a nice time here. a) can b) need c) ought d) are  7my people go! a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has  8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner. a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went  9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements. a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able  10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not  Контрольная работа № 3.			a) need b) has
3. I asked my mother if I visit a friend of mine.  a) may b) can c) could d) must  4. She answered that I to do my homework first. a) must b) can c) have to d) had  5. You visit your friend in the evening. a) are able b) will be permitted to c) will be allowed d) will be able  6. You have a nice time here. a) can b) need c) ought d) are  7my people go! a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has  8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner. a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went  9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements. a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able  10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not  Контрольная работа № 3.			c) is to d) might
a) may b) can c) could d) must  4. She answered that I to do my homework first.  a) must b) can c) have to d) had  5. You visit your friend in the evening.  a) are able b) will be permitted to c) will be allowed d) will be able  6. You have a nice time here.  a) can b) need c) ought d) are  7my people go!  a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has  8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner.  a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went  9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements.  a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able  10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian.  a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not  Контрольная работа № 3.		3.	Lasked my mother if Levisit a friend of mine.
c) could d) must  4. She answered that I to do my homework first.  a) must b) can c) have to d) had  5. You visit your friend in the evening. a) are able b) will be permitted to c) will be allowed d) will be able  6. You have a nice time here. a) can b) need c) ought d) are  7my people go! a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has  8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner. a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went  9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements. a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able  10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not  Контрольная работа № 3.		•	
4. She answered that I to do my homework first.  a) must b) can c) have to d) had  5. You visit your friend in the evening. a) are able b) will be permitted to c) will be allowed d) will be able  6. You have a nice time here. a) can b) need c) ought d) are  7my people go! a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has  8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner. a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went  9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements. a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able  10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not  Контрольная работа № 3.			c) could d) must
a) must b) can c) have to d) had  5. You visit your friend in the evening. a) are able b) will be permitted to c) will be allowed d) will be able  6. You have a nice time here. a) can b) need c) ought d) are  7my people go! a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has  8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner. a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went  9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements. a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able  10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not		4.	
c) have to d) had  5. You visit your friend in the evening. a) are able b) will be permitted to c) will be allowed d) will be able  6. You have a nice time here. a) can b) need c) ought d) are  7my people go! a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has  8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner. a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went  9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements. a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able  10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not  Контрольная работа № 3.			
5. You visit your friend in the evening.  a) are able b) will be permitted to c) will be allowed d) will be able  6. You have a nice time here.  a) can b) need  c) ought d) are  7my people go!  a) Have to b) Able  c) Let d) Has  8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner.  a) going b) to go  c) have gone d) went  9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements.  a) will be able b) can  c) could d) would be able  10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian.  a) not speak c) doesn't speak  b) not speaks d) speaks not  Контрольная работа № 3.			
a) are able b) will be permitted to c) will be allowed d) will be able  6. You have a nice time here. a) can b) need c) ought d) are  7my people go! a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has  8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner. a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went  9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements. a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able 10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not  Контрольная работа № 3.		5.	,
c) will be allowed d) will be able  6. You have a nice time here. a) can b) need c) ought d) are  7my people go! a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has  8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner. a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went  9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements. a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able 10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not  Контрольная работа № 3.			
6. You have a nice time here. a) can b) need c) ought d) are  7my people go! a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has  8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner. a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went  9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements. a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able 10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not  Контрольная работа № 3.			c) will be allowed d) will be able
c) ought d) are  7my people go!  a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has  8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner. a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went  9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements. a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able 10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not  Контрольная работа № 3.		6.	
7my people go!  a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has  8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner. a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went  9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements. a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able 10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not  Контрольная работа № 3.			a) can b) need
a) Have to b) Able c) Let d) Has  8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner. a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went  9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements. a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able 10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not  Контрольная работа № 3.			c) ought d) are
c) Let d) Has  8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner.  a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went  9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements.  a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able  10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not  Контрольная работа № 3.	7.		my people go!
8. I'd like to the cinema after dinner.  a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went  9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements. a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able 10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not  Контрольная работа № 3.			a) Have to b) Able
a) going b) to go c) have gone d) went  9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements. a) will be able c) could d) would be able 10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak d) speaks not  Контрольная работа № 3.			,
c) have gone d) went  9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements.  a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able  10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not  Контрольная работа № 3.	8.	ľdl	ike to the cinema after dinner.
9. She didn't know if she to meet all their requirements.  a) will be able b) can d) would be able 10. I speak Russian but Helen a) not speak b) not speak b) not speaks d) speaks not  Контрольная работа № 3.			,
a) will be able b) can c) could d) would be able 10. I speak Russian but Helen Russian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not  Контрольная работа № 3.			
c) could d) would be able  10. I speak Russian but HelenRussian. a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not  Контрольная работа № 3.	9.	She	
10. I speak Russian but HelenRussian. a) not speak b) not speaks d) speaks not  Контрольная работа № 3.			,
a) not speak c) doesn't speak b) not speaks d) speaks not Контрольная работа № 3.		_	,
b) not speaks d) speaks not <u>Контрольная работа № 3.</u>	10.	I sp	
Контрольная работа № 3.			, ,
			b) not speaks d) speaks not
1 Delates is a little village	<u>Контро</u>	<u>ЛЬНа</u>	ая работа № 3.
I RUCKION IS SHITID VIHOOD TOM MONOCOOP	1 [	2rial	ton is a little village from Manchester.

	a) not far	c) not near	
	b) not long	d) not away	
2."Would	you like a cigarette?	" - "No, thank you, I"	
	•	c) do not smoke	
		ng d) do not smoking	
3. Mike	to the cine		
		en c) is not often going	
	,	go d) don't often go	
4. The stud		ecture on Literature on Mondays.	
	a) usually have	c) usually having	
	b) have usually	d) having usually	
5. I can't u	nderstand why	this mistake again. c) you do	
	a) make you	c) you do	
C \\/		d) you have made	
b. we sna		ing until everybody	
	a) come	c) came	
7 \\/\  \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \	b) will come		
7. vvnen tr	ney came to the stati	on, the train	
	,	ft c) already left	
0 "\//bat d		ft d) had already left	
o. what u	id he say?" "I don't k	c) didn't listen	
		g d) didn't listening	
0 This now	b) wash t iisteriint v book abot ما		
3. IIIIS IIEW	a) has snoken	c) will much speak	
		en d) has to speak	
10 Her na	rents didn't want		
ro. rici pai		c) that she get	
	h) her get	d) that she gets	
11 His mo	thera foc		
11.11101110		be c) wanted not him to be	
	,	n to be d) didn't want his to be	
12. I sent t	•	ago, but they haven't received it	
			<u>—</u>
	a) still b) already	d) never	
13. Why		? ′	
,		g at c) do you look at	
	b) are you lookin	g at b) do you look to	
14. He is r		oresent position and he wants to get	and earn more
money			
	a) a better job	c) the better job	
	b) a better work	d) a better employment	
15. When	he came home his c	hildren	
	a) was sleeping	c) slept	
	b) were sleeping	g d) have slept	
Контропьиза	работа № 4.		
1. Ann s	speaksEn		
	a) perfectly	c) well	
0	b) perfect		
2. Why	can't you find your b	OOK? It is in .	

	a) it's usual place	
	b) its usually place	d) its place usual
<ol><li>Did you b</li></ol>	uy anything?" "No,	I any money."
i	a) hadn't	c) didn't have
	b) hasn't	d) haven't had
4. I'll be thinking	of you while you _	awav.
9	a) will be	c) are being
	a) will be b) are	d) will have been
		ow much
		ber c) did you remember
(	h) vou can rememb	er d) do you remember
		ntil everybody
	a) come	c) came
7.14	b) will come	a) comes
7. You	worry about it. a) not must	
	a) not must	c) mustn't
	b) don't must	
<ol><li>Helen and Ma</li></ol>	ary	friends since the age of three.
	a) had been	c) were
	b) have been	d) are
9. The Washing	ton Monument	by hundreds of people every day.
ŭ	a) is visited	c) has visited
	b) visited	d) was visited
10 It isn't verv v		nuch yesterday.
	a) more warm	c) warm
	b) warmer	
	in a refrigerate	•
		c) must to be kept
40 lastis lass	b) must be kept	
		nt country 1947.
	a) from b) by	c) in
	b) by	d) since
13.	car have you got?	
	a) What of kind	c) Which kind of
	b) What kind of	d) Which kind
14. "The Times"	•	
	a) a daily is paper	c) is daily a paper
		d) is a daily paper
15. "Are the pap		"Yes, I yesterday."
	a) put in there	
	, .	d) there put them
	a, p	-, p
Контрольная раб	о́та № 5	
контрольнал рас	<del>001011-0.</del>	
1 Doos your sisto	or English	noonlo?
1. Dues your siste	erEnglish	
	a) know much	
O Mile-	b) know many	u) knows many
2. Mike		\
		c) is not often going
	b) doesn't often go	
3. Perhaps	there next ye	
	<ul><li>a) I'm coming</li></ul>	c) I go

	b) I'm going	d) I'll go
4. Ann asked me it	f Ithe trip	
	a) enjoyed	
	b) has enjoyed	
5. If you see Jane,	, can you give	
,	a) to her this letter	
	,	d) this letter to hers
6. When they cam	,	train
,	a) has already left	
	,	d) had already left
7. Some people th	,	than English.
	a) more difficult	
	b) most difficult	
		and I still haven't found it.
_	a) wherever	c) anywhere
	a) wherever b) nowhere	d) everywhere
	uaded me	
, ,		ut c) having my hairs cut
		cut d) to have my hair cutting
	er as you are. You	
	م مام بمترام د	a) alayarar aa
	b) more clever	d) cleverer than
11. Her parents di	dn <sup>′</sup> t want	married.
•	a) her to get	c) that she get
	b) her get	d) that she gets
12. When I came h	b) more clever dn't want a) her to get b) her get nome my children _ a) was sleeping	, .
	a) was sleeping	c) slept
	b) were sleeping	d) have slept
13. Does the assis	stant this n	nachine?
		c) know how to operate
		ate d) know operating
14. The English	strong trad	
0 _	a) has many	c) have many
	a) has many b) has much	d) have much
15 Roi	mans grew grapes i	n Britain.
	a) The	c)
	b) A	d) Any

#### 5.1. ЗАЧЁТНАЯ КОНТРОЛЬНАЯ РАБОТА

#### <u>Task 1</u>: <u>Give a written interpretation in Russian:</u>

#### **GLOBALIZATION**

The word "globalization" stirs powerful emotions. Some see it as highly beneficial – a key to future world economic development, more opportunities and higher living standards across the world. Others see it as a malign force that increases inequality within and between nations, *disempowers* the weak, threatens employment and living standards, and increase poverty.

Most people agree that the forces driving globalization – technological change, lower communication and transport costs, increased trade and financial integration among countries - are powerful. But they need to be harnessed to make globalization work for the good of all.

Clearly the gap between rich and poor is too wide and may even be widening. Today's central development challenges are to improve the lives and prospects for the nearly three billion people now living in poverty. Only if the economies in which they live grow faster, can the lives of this enormous group of people be improved. Globalization can contribute to this faster growth. But it also increases the need for stronger policies at the national level. And it means that the international community must adapt the way in which it assists poor countries.

Globalization is no longer an abstraction but a stark reality that virtually all firms, large and a small, face. Firms that want to survive in the 21st century must confront this all encompassing force that pervades every aspect of business. In a wide range of industries from automobiles to food and clothing, firms face the pressures of global competition at homes as well as in international markets is no longer an option. All firms, regardless of their size, have to craft strategies in the broader context of world markets to anticipate, respond and adapt to the changing configuration of these markets.

Technology is rapidly altering the nature of competition and strategy in many industries. Then global proliferation of relatively inexpensive computing power and global linkages of computer networks through telecommunications have resulted in an information-rich, computation-rich and communication-rich organizational environment. Telecommunications and computer networks are changing the way in which managers work and interact, providing links between country-centered organizations, and permitting technology to be rapidly shared and learning transferred throughout the organization.

As a result, speed of technological diffusion and change is rapidly increasing. At the same time, the growing technological orientation of many industries and use of computers and telecommunications technology have created greater knowledge intensity and dependency.

Competition is also intensifying, as globalization changes the boundaries of competition and new sources of competition emerge. The basis for competition is also changing, as new players are able to enter the market with an ease unknown even ten years ago.

Information technology has dramatically transformed the costs of doing business and enabled firms to bypass stages in the value chain, for example, going directly to customers, or outsourcing functions and operations. Such factors have changed the nature of the value chain in many industries, enabling new and non-traditional competitors to enter the market rapidly and compete effectively.

#### Task 2: Answer the guestions and be ready to discuss the problems noted in them:

- 1. What does the notion "globalization" imply according to your vision?
- 2. Why do some people see globalization as a key to higher living standards across the world and others see it as the malign force that increases inequality and threatens living standards? What's your own opinion?
- 3. How many people are now living in property: a) 500 million; b) 3 billion; c) 1 billion
- 4. Why is the gap between rich and poor widening?
- 5. What is the role of international financial institutions IMF and the World Bank in the poverty reduction strategies?

#### Task 3: Read the international words and guess their meaning:

organize, organization, well-organized, leading, leader, leadership, professional, theory, theoretical, practice, practical, invest, investor, investment, finance, financial, financier, business, businessman, situation.

#### Task 4: Translate into Russian:

- 1. They need to be harnessed to make globalization work for the good of all.
- 2. It means that the international community must adapt the way in which it assists poor countries.
- 3. Globalization is no longer an abstraction but a stark reality that virtually all firms, large and a small, face.
- 4. Telecommunications and computer networks are changing the way in which managers work and interact.

5. Competition is also intensifying, as globalization changes the boundaries of competition and new sources of competition emerge.

#### <u>Task 5</u>: <u>Give English equivalents to the following:</u>

по всему миру; внутри и между нациями; уровень жизни; может внести вклад; это означает, что; все стороны бизнеса; так же как; больше не; обеспечивая связи; как результат

#### Task 6: Translate into English:

- 1. Расстояние между бедными и богатыми очень большое и с каждым годом всё больше увеличивается.
- 2. Технологии с огромной скоростью меняют характер конкуренций и стратегий во многих отраслях промышленности.
- 3. Некоторые рассматривают «глобализацию» как ключ к будущему развитию мировой экономики и более высокому уровню жизни.
- 4. Надо сделать так, чтобы глобализация работала на всеобщее благо.
- 5. Глобализация больше не абстрактное понятие, а реальная действительность.

#### 11. ПРИМЕРНЫЕ ТЕСТОВЫЕ ЗАДАНИЯ

1.	The latest news from the Middle East countries disturbing. A close-up camera shoved a man running somewhere. His face was bruised and his clothestorn.
	A was, was C was, were
	B were, were D were, was
2.	One hundred pounds a large sum for her and she decided to put the money on her
	account.
	A was, savings C were, saving's
	B was, saving's D were, saving's
3.	Bread and cheese his usual meal and he has been living onfor two months.
	A was, them C is, it
	B are, it D is, them
4.	His decreased because his salary was cut by 7
	A earnings, per cent
	B earnings, per cents
	C earning, per cents
	D earning, percentage
5.	This is the cloakroom, and that one is for
	A ladies', gentlemen's
	B lady's, gentlemen's
	C ladies', gentlemen
	D lady, gentlemen
6.	The at the talks made a deep influence on everybody.
	A Minister of Foreign Trade's speech, peace's
	B Minister of Foreign Trade's speech, peace
	C Minister of Foreign Trade's speech, peaceful
	D Minister of Foreign Trade's speech, peace
7.	The history goes back to 1808.
	A state's newspaper's
	B state's newspaper
	C state newspaper's
	D state newspapers'

8.	We must organize little dinner to celebrate event. Tell her to come and see
	me at noon. We'll speak about it.
	A, an, the C the, the,
	B a, the, the D a, the,
9.	At last war ended, but the transition from war to peace was painful for
	both sides.
	A the, the, the C a, a, a,
	B, D the,,
10.	tiger lives in Asia and belongs to same genus as lion, leopard, and
	jaguar.
	A The, the, the C, the,
	B A,, a D The,,
11.	At the end of the 16th century the first explorers of South Seas mapped
	southern sky, which was largely unknown to ancients.
	A, the, C the, the
40	B, a, the D the,,
12.	East End has frequently been characterized by poverty, crime, and slums.
	A The, the C, B The, D, the
13.	American inventors Elisha Gray and Alexander Graham Bell applied for patent
	on telephone on the same day.
	A The, a, the C, a, a,
	B, the, the D The, the,
14.	porcelain was first made by Chinese.
	A The,, the C,, the
4 -	B The, the, D, the,
15.	E-mail and Internet are latest technologies that are spreading
	American English.
	A,, the B, the, the,
	C The, the,
16	D The,, the When I met her, her parents had perished and she was dependent upon She
10.	did not want help and lived on own.
	A either, her, anybody, her
	B any of, hers, somebody's, hers
	C both, herself, anybody's, her
	D both of, oneself, everybody, oneself
17	of them quite knew what she meant, but was sure that she could not bring
	to do it.
	A Nobody, all, her
	B Somebody, every, oneself
	C No one, each,
	D None, everybody, herself
18	I phoned her day, but she refused to tell me
10.	A another, something
	B another, anything
	C the other, something
	D the other, anything
19	It was clear he was hungry. He ate a considerable of fried meat quicker than
	and asked for helping.
	A number, lot, others, other
	, , , = = = -, == =

	<ul><li>B amount, far, the others, another</li><li>C deal, a lot, the other, the others</li><li>D quantity anothers, an another</li></ul>
20.	She goes to Cyprus summer, of them can assure you of it. Shall I send you details?
	A each, every, some
	B either, all, any
	C every, everybody, any
	D every, each, some
21.	Why are you afraid to ask for help? of them will be glad to solve your little problem,
	especially Jack. He is goodness
	A Everybody, himself
	B Each, itself
	C Every, itself
	D Each, himself
22.	Colonies were used as sources of raw materials as markets for products of the home country.
	A either, and C either, or
	B neither, or D either, nor
23.	Only nations in the world export diamonds with South Africa and Russia the biggest
	importers, while are far behind them.
	A little, other C few, the others
	B a little, the other D a few, others
24.	It is more shameful to distrust friends than to be deceived by
	A their, theirs C his, themselves
	B one's, them D our, ourselves
25.	She learnt both classics and philosophy, but knows of them well. Though she car
	speak onsubject in general.
	A none, any C neither, either
	B nothing, some D either, neither
26.	is waiting for the signal two minutes and the match will begin players
	are anxious to win.
	A Everybody, Another, Every
	B Anybody, Some, All
	C Everybody, Another, All the
07	D All, Other, Each
21.	He was pleased with because of them noticed
	A him, nobody, anything B himself, any, nothing
	C them, no one, nothing
	D himself, none, anything
28.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
20.	household members.
	A Either, or
	B Neither, nor
	C Both, and
	D Every, and
29	In the early part of the Modern English period the vocabulary was enlarged by the
	widespread use of one part of speech for and by increased borrowings from
	languages.
	A the other, others
	B another, other

	C other ones, another D others, another
30.	they hurried it was they would be in time see him off. They came after his departure.
	A The more, the less obvious, short
	B The more, more obviously, shortly
	C The more, the less obvious, shortly
	D The more, the least obviously, short
31.	It was far than he expected, so he made up his mind to spend twice as money
•	as he had wanted.
	A more cheaper, more
	B more cheap, a lot
	C the cheapest, the most
	D cheaper, much
32.	He was a promising student in Math and Physics at Cambridge and always felt a
	lingering interest in the subject.
	A very, last C highly, latter
	B, latest D quite, later
33.	The name mountain is usually applied to region of land that is raised rather above the
	surrounding terrain. Temperatures in the mountains are generally than at sea level.
	A highly, much low
	B high, far lower
	C high, a lot more lower
3/	D highly, more lower Computerized tests adapt to the skill level of the individual test-taker. Each correct answer
J <del>4</del> .	given by a student is followed by a question, and incorrect answers are followed by
	questions the question, points the student can score.
	A more difficult, less difficult, The more difficult, the more
	B less difficult, less difficult, More difficult, more
	C more difficult, more difficult, More difficult, the most
	D more difficult, less difficult, The more difficult, the most
35.	The islands were named after British explorer and navigator James Cook, who
	sighted them in 1773.
	A firstly C first
	B at first D at the first
36.	In the 1990s several companies introduces electronic books, or e-books. These
	devices display the text of books on a small screen designed to make reading
	A late, computerized, easily
	B last, computerizing, easily
	C late, computerized, easy
	D latest, computerizing, easily
37.	Although some cigars are made by hand, most cigars are manufactured by
	machine.
	A highly-quality, entirely
	B high-quality, entire
	C highly-quality, entire
30	D high-quality, entirely
50.	A man who in the compartment said that the place by a passenger who out to the diner.
	A was sitting, is taken, went
	B sat, had been taken, has gone
	C was sitting, was taken, had gone
	<b>U</b> ,

39.		had been sitting, had taken, went le in the corner? Their dessert now. As soon as they it, we
	their table.	
	Α	is served, finish, will take
	В	is serving, will finish, take
		is being served, finish, will take
	D	has been served, will have finished, will take
40.		Yes, my mother badly ill since yesterday.
		Have you cried, is
		ave you been crying, has been
		id you cry, was
	D A	re you crying, had been
41.		– Yes, I there when there an exhibition of our goods.
		Have you ever been, was, was
		Have you ever been, have been, was
		Were you ever been, was, was
		Had you ever been, had been, had been
42.		iga, it was cold, a strong northern wind and it for a fortnight.
		came, blew, was raining
	В	
	С	came, was blowing, had been raining
		was coming, had blown, was raining
43.		y, which traditionally underdeveloped,
		had been, is expanding
		has been, had expanded
		is, had been expanding
		has been, is expanding
44.		d for seven years when their first son
		have been, was born
	В	
	С	had been, had been born
		were, had been born
45.		olony in North America by the Pilgrims, who from the English
	_	he <i>Mayflower</i> and in Massachusetts Bay in 1620.
	•	was founded, had sailed, had landed
		was found, sailed, landed
	С	had been found, sailed, landed
		was founded, sailed, landed
46.		ere was nobody in the sight.
		had watched
	В	was watched
	С	was being watched
		had been watching
47.		the same clothes for years.
		wears
	В	
	С	had worn
	D	
48.	_	that be the station.
	•	came, reached
	В	
	C	
		•

	D has come, reached
<b>1</b> 9	He has said that he me if I easily to do it by myself.
┰Ј.	A would not help, was able
	B would not help, would be able
	C will not help, am able
	D will not help, will be able
50.	Don't you remember me at the Brown's last summer? We used at their place
	every Friday.
	A to see, to meet C to see, meeting
	B seeing, meeting D seeing, to meet
51.	He is afraid to Mrs. Priestly. In his place I would rather her. He may depend on
	her the problem properly.
	A of speaking, trusting, understanding
	B to speak, trust, understanding
	C of speaking, to trust, understanding
	D to speak, to trust, to understand
52.	Let her it herself. She is considered a careful researcher and can't stand
	A do, being, to be helped
	B to do, to be, to help C doing, being, helping
	D do, to be, being helped
53	I only know that when a child of seven I was a proud owner of a pony and used to
50.	riding with papa. I was not afraid at all.
	A go, to fall C go, of falling
	B going, of falling D going, to fall
54.	They tried their best solutions to the problem, but finally they suggested the
	building and offered us.
	A to find, restoring, to help
	B finding, to restore, helping
	C finding, to restore, to help
	D to find, restoring, helping
55.	Bill continued the old man faithfully, in his will.
	A serving, hope to remember
	B to serve, hoping to be remembered
	C serving, hope to be remembered
-0	D to serve, with a hope remembering
56.	I to the beach. The sea was rough and no one dared
	A needn't have gone, to swim
	B needn't go, swimming
	C can't have gone, swim
57	D shall not go, to swim  We at seven, but I come here in time. I think he till I came.
51.	A had to meet, couldn't have, may wait
	B were to meet, was not able, should have waited
	C were to have met, couldn't, might have waited
	D had to have met, might not have, should wait
58.	When I came up to the post office, it was closed. I a bit earlier.
J.	A can't have come C has to come
	B must come D ought to have come
59.	Your face seems familiar to me. We somewhere.
	A should have met C must meet

60.	If we had not known it	was a funny song, we
		night have wept
		ould not have wept hould weep
		nust weep
61		rning till night. I our depts.
01.		nust work, may pay
		nould have worked, might have paid
		m to have worked, could have paid
		ave to work, ought to pay
62.		the room for our guests. They arrive tomorrow or the day after.
	A mu	ust, must C can, can
	B m	nay, may D need, may
63.		ner the money. She never returned it.
	A ha	d lent C did not land
		adn't lent D lent
64.	If I you, I	him. It's high time you his advice.
		ere, would contact, would take
		ad been, would have contacted, would have taken
		, will contact, will take
		ere, would contact, took
65.		at the customs office the taxes more efficiently.
		ould collect C collect
00		bllects D had collected
66.	National parks reques	t that visitors wild animals.
	A no	ot feed C would not feed did not feed D do not feed
67		
	speaking.	e interested in what they said, and treated them as if I their
	. •	ould not have understood
		ave not understood
		id not understand
		o not understand
68.		his embarrassment at the moment she was introducing him.
	•	idn't noticed
	B wo	ould have noticed
	C wo	ould not have noticed
	D die	dn't notice
69.	But for his provision th	
	-	ve died C would have died
	B ha	ad died D would die
70.		I that payment within five days.
		ere made
		ould be made
		hould be made
7.4		made
<i>1</i> 1.		it yesterday.
		ould wish, had been done
		ould have wished, had been done
		ished, would have been done ad wished, would be done
	וו ט	ad wished, would be dolle

72.	The teacher required that everyone the meeting.
	A attend C would attend B attends D to attend
73	But for your help we in time.
70.	A hadn't finished C should not have finished
	B would not finish D didn't finish
7/	He was very fond his sister and meant always to take care her. She was glad
	his company too.
	A of, of, with C of, of
	B for, for, of D with, for, for
75	Four cottages with cheerful green and white windows stood an open place the
15.	big trees.
	A at, between C at, beneath
	B in, among D on, under
76	They decided to go their car, and I was looking our trip all my heart.
70.	
	A by, upon, by B in, forward, with
	C into, to, at
77	D in, forward to, with
11.	She smiled me and said, «I don't mind organizing the party if he has no
	objections giving it.»
	A at, to, C for, from, upon
70	B <u>at, , to</u> D at,, for
/ ð.	my opinion, he was always a little ahead me. But he was a snob: he was always
	interested, and envious those who had some sort of social position.
	A From, of,, for
	B In, of, in, of
	C On, from, in,
70	D For, for, of, to
79.	Ireland is famous its contributions world literature.
	A for, in C for, to
~~	B of, of D as, for
80.	The prime minister is appointed by the president nomination by the lower house. The
	government is responsible the lower house of the national legislature.
	A after, to C on, for B with, for D before, before
81.	She loved giving orders the servants, and they loved obeying her.
	A, C, to B to, D to, to
	B to, D to, to
82.	Farming is only minor importance the provincial economy.
	A, for C of, in
	A, for C of, in B of, from D for, in
83.	«Ask me questions and I will my best to answer them», he said and burst laughing.
	A do, in C do, out
	B make, out D make, in
84.	Harrison who was laughing loudly suddenly broke
	A away C on B off D
85.	Don't worry, Mom, Nick will soon get the disease.
	A on C against
	B over D after

86.	We expected him	m t	o join us, but he	never turned	
	·	Α	, up C	with, in	
		В	, up C to, out D	, upon	
87.				, you are getting	_ my nerves.
	_	Α	up, down, on		•
		В	to, for, to		
		С	to, back, on		
		D	on, off, at		
88.	I have a little mo	ne	y put for a rainy	day.	
		Α	down C	away	
			off D		
89.			_ if you work too hard.		
			down C	•	
			over D		
90.			sheep for wool ab		
			raise C		
			rise D		
91.	•		in 1996 me with	n three children.	
			set up, leaving		
			broke up, having left		
			went up, left		
			turned up, being left		
92.	I was by h		ring my own name	•	
			awoken, having spoke	•	
			awakened, spoken in		
			awaken, speaking wi	IN	
റാ	Cha waa nat waa		waken, speak with		
93.	Sile was not use	יט נו א	o in any hurry	 to be neither	
		A D	to be, also C being, either D	hoing too	
QΛ	I saw Herbert		_	being, too	
J <del>4</del> .	1 Saw Helbert		is standing between, I	ooker-one	
			standing among, look		
			to stand, among look		
			stood among, lookers		
95	A cat cre		from the shadow of the		
00.	, ore	•	hunting field mices	giganilo bann.	
			hunted field's mouse		
			having hunted field m	nouses	
			hunting field mice		
96.	You bette		•	an egg, or with	vour tea.
			would, have, something	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	,
			had, to have, anythin	•	
			had, have, something	_	
			would, had, anything	,	
97.	You very		if you went to bed _	late.	
			may feel, exhausted,		
			could have felt, exhai		
			must have felt, exhau	•	
		D	might feel, exhausting	ı, such	
98.	Bob is the			nis younger brother is _	taller than he is
			oldest, much more C		

99. The t	rip was	B eldest, more D older, more much and he was, but ten miles passed. A tiring, exhausting, other, were B tiring, exhausted, another, were
100.	Without	C tired, exhausting, another, was D tiring, exhausting, the other, was to her, he began looking for a flat near her house.
		A telling anything, parents B speaking something, parents' C talking something, parents D saying anything, parents'
101.	twe	nty years and you'll all about it.
		A Another, have forgotten
		B The other, forget
		C Other, be forgetting
		D The others, have been forgetting
102.	I can't help	that he does so work. That is why he deserves the
exan	۱.	
		A think, a little, failing
		B thinking, little, to fail
		C to think, little, to fail
400		D thinking, few, failing
103.	He met	of people but he knew
		A the number, neither
		B a number, none
		C a number, neither
101	\\\/	D the number, none
104.	=	like wine? – No, thanks. I used to a lot in my youth, but then I
gave	up	A any drinking as drinking
		A any, drinking so, drinking
		B any, to drink too, drinking C some, to drink quite, to drink
		D some, to drink quite, drinking
105.	Mr Chairn	nan, discuss this question all day? I don't think it is worth so
	ivii. Chairi i time on thi	
muci	i uiiie oii uii	A can we, spend
		B will we have to, spending
		C shall we be able to, to spend
		D need we, being spent
106.	He comes	here every day. He is looking forward to this vacancy.
		A other, give
		B another, being given
		C other, being given
		D another, giving
107.	She is not	person to give secret.
	•	A the, away a C the, out the
		B a, out a D a, away the
108.	Despite	various assertions, you cannot learn when you are
		A of, sleep C, asleep
		B, asleeping D of, sleeping
109.		how ideas come, like a of lightening.
		A funny, flash C funny, clap

			funnily, stroke D funnily, bit
110.	You needr		to me those lies of
			explaining, your
			have explained, you
			to explain, yours
	01 1 1		explain, yours
111.	She looke		him and her words sounded
			cold, sharp C cold, sharply
440			coldly, sharply D coldly, sharp
112.	I m	,	ork urgently and I decided to have a stroll.
			shouldn't finish
			did not need to finish
			must not finish
440	1.19 (		can't have finished
113.	i like trave	_	by train by car of them is attractive.
			either, or, Any
			both, or, Each
			either, and, Every
444	Th		both, and, Either
114.	rne new _		_ has arrived. Where shall we put?
			equipment, them C machineries, them
445	I aliviai ia ma		machines, it D machinery, it
115.	i always re	_	tted Egypt. I can't help its ancient civilization.
			not visiting, admiring
			do not visit, admire
			not to visit, to admire
116	IE I		not having visited, to have admired
116.	II I		t you I certainly at home.
			knew, came, would have stayed
			had known, would have some would stay
			had known, would have come, would stay knew, will come, will have stayed
117.	Moor the		
			tre of City stand St. Paul's Cathedral, Bank of
-	cial district.		yal Exchange, Stock Exchange, and the rest of London's
IIIIaii	ciai district.		the, the, the, the, the
			the,, the, the, the,
118.	She	ar	, the,,,, nd, looking in his face, said, «What right do you have to question
			ng to tell you».
1110:	13 110		rose, straightly, There
			raised, straight, It
			rose, straight, There
			raised, straightly, It
119.	Do you se		woman the street? She is said a famous actress in
1950	-	o u	Worman the subset. One to data a familiae detroce in
1000	··	Α	having crossed, to be,
			crossing, to have been, the
			to cross, to have been, the
		Ď	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

120.	Mr. Jones seems all about illnesses. He said that mumps not a serious
dise	ease and was nothing to worry about.
	A to be knowing, were, there
	B to know, was, there
	C knowing, was, it
404	D to know, were, it
121.	Something She by 9.
	A must happen, must come
	B should have happened, was to come
	C must have happened, was to have come
400	D need have happened, had to come
122.	They worked day and night, and seemed no progress.
	A a, a, to do
	B a, a, to have done
	C the, the, to be making
100	D, to make
123.	, ,, , ,
	A haven't changed, your one
	B didn't change, your
	C haven't changed, yours
124.	D didn't change, yourself  He on the phone when Emma came in she been listening?
124.	A was speaking, Had C spoke, Was
	B is speaking, Is D had been speaking, Has
125	His feelings were too for the words; he himself had ruined his life and his family
120.	the money.
	A deeply, stealing C deeply, having stolen
	B deep, by stealing D deep, to steal
126.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
120.	A to elect C be elected
	B to be elected D elect
127.	Why, have you come me? was no need for you
	A to meet, There, to bother
	B meeting, There, bothering
	C to meet, It, bothering
	D meeting, It, to bother
128.	I him about it; he knew it already.
	A mustn't have told C needn't have told
	B can't have told D may not have told
129.	They could recognize us in dark, that's why they did not stop to us.
	A hard, the, talking C ever,, talking
	B hardly, the, to talk D never,, to talk
130.	He stared me as if I were from world.
	A, anyone, another
	B on, somebody, the other
	C at, anybody, the other
	D at, someone, another
131.	The speaker a short pause to stress his words. The audience him with
grea	at attention.
	A did, was listening to
	B made, was hearing
	C did, were hearing

132		made, were listening t	o the best in Africa. Imagine	e there in
winte		t the riot out the call		, a.o.o
		to be, to go	C to be, going	
	В	being, going	Deina to ao	
133.	It is no good	being, going a car in such	nasty weather.	
	A	to use, a	C using.	
		to have used,		
134		no way out: he v		
101.		another, deeply	<u></u>	
		other, deeply		
		the other, deep		
		other, deep		
135			were her real reasons to g	net rid me
100.		for, to want, from		jet na me
		to, of wanting, of	<del>-</del>	
136.		ietly and seemed		
150.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		breathed, to be asleep	•	
		was breathing, to be a	, •	
		was breathing, to be as	sieep	
107		breathed, to be asleep	unalija favordan af ilka sama	
137.			brook is founder of the com	pany.
		The, the		
400			O The,	
138.			erred «the master»	
		for, like		
400		, as		
139.			out was already and much_	·
		younger, as taller, stro	•	
		as younger, taller, stro	_	
		younger, as tall, strong		
		as young, as tall, more	stronger	
140.		theralone.		
		had, to leave		
		would, to be left		_
141.			is a baby, others twins of r	iine.
	Α	, the the,,	C,	
142.	Her white dres	ss and a lace umbrella	nade her as though she	to a garden
party				
		to look, had come		
		looking, came		
			deepest of the four oceans	_
than	third of	the surface and o	ontaining more than half of	its free water.
	Α	world's, a, earth, a		
	В	world,, earth's, a		
	С	world's, a, earth,		
	D	world's, a, earth's, a		
144.	man is	a worshipper of	dols and a lover of kings.	
		, natural		
		A, naturally		

	In addition to using taxation money, governments may change taxes						
SOCI	al and economic objectives or political popularity certain groups.  A to have, achieving, from						
	B by collecting, to achieve, on						
	C on rising, having achieved, of						
	D to raise, to achieve, with						
146	ten minutes of thought got me no to an answer.						
110.	A Still closer C Another closer						
	A Still, closer C Another, closer B Other, close D The other, close						
147.	She stood looking the window.						
	A motionlessly, into C motionless, out from						
	B motionless, out of D motionlessly, in						
148.	A good husband will always regard his wife his equal and never address her with						
	ir of authority, as if she a mere housekeeper.						
	A to be, were C as, were						
	B be, was D being, are						
149.	He was elected president to a term.						
	A the, five-years						
	B a, five year's						
	C, five-year						
	D, five-years						
150.	She in front of him with hands on hips and elbows pulled forward, glaring at him						
as if	she to tear the secret out of his heart.						
	A was standing, wanted						
	B was standing, has wanted						
	C stood, was wanting						
	D stood, wants						
151.	You will be free soon as you twenty-one, but I am a slave life.						
	A will be, to C will be, for						
	B are, for D are, to						
152.	) 1,						
	A was, lay C were, lay						
	B was, laid D were, laid						
	I was fond of these stories and evening after evening would go into						
-	dma's room, sitting with my back against the wall so that no warrior could slip						
behi	nd me with a tomahawk.						
	A an, an, close C the, the, closely						
454	B,, close D, an, closely						
	The cattle killed, and the meat was placed into deep snow for						
pres	ervation.						
	A was, the C was,						
155	B were, D were, a						
155.							
him.							
	A to be, something farther						
	B to have been, anything far						
	C to be, anything further						
156.	D to have been, something farther  Can I ever forget that night in the desert, when we walked in darkness,						
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						
ever	y step seeming to be the very last we could!						
	A a mile after a mile, the, make B mile after mile,, take						
	ט וווווס מונסו וווווס, , נמתס						

157.		D 1	mile after a mile,, take mile after mile, the, take to be petted and, to be well fed and caressed.
		B t	o be kindly treated, praised to kindly treat, to praise being kindly treated, praising be kindly treated, praised
158. smile			that it was curious how much a person looked when he
		A th	hinking, more nicer
		B th	hink, nicest
			to think, more nice
450			think, nicer
159.			who, but he was a man for love.
			nust be loved, hard
			should love, hard might be loved, hardly
			may love, harder
160.	Cowbovs k		the cattle together, guide to pasture and prevent from
	mixed with		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	•		hem, them C it, their
			it, its D them, their
161.	The time _		_ when the wealthy men of our great North-West their summer
resid			ills and shores.
			vill come, will have C comes, will have
100			will come, have D comes, have
		-	ou look!» I called. «So!» they shouted altogether, and broke into
pears	s of laughter		cretty are you
			oretty, are you C pretty, do you prettily, you are D prettily, you do
163			en the trees were, he used there with his friend that played
	trombone		the trees were, he used there with his ment that played
	_		n bloom, sitting,
			in blossom, sitting, the
			in flowers, to sit,
		D i	in bloom, to sit, the
164.	After my fa	ather	, my grandmother never let my mother into her house
agair	٦.		
			narried to her, to come
			married her, come
			got married her, come got married to her, to come
165.	Schliemani		areer as an archaeologist late in his life, after he wealth in
	ness.	. 0 00	would in
		A h	nas begun, has accumulated
166.			began, had accumulated
		C	had begun, accumulated
	01 1		had begun, had accumulated
	She kept _		they must be economical they were not rich.
			on saying, though
			say, till saying, since
		- '	

167	D to say, as their Web sites, Internet booksellers allow buyers from an enormous
	selection of books.
	A Through, to choose C Via, choosing
	B Though, choosing D Because of, to choose
168	computers are used extensively in scientific to solve mathematical
	problems, display complicated data, or model system that are too or impractical to
	build.
	A The, researches, cost
	B The, research, cost
	C, research, costly
	D, researches, costly
169	
	A food,
	B feet,
	C food, the
470	D feet, the
1/0	The well-being of children is regarded, and British middle-class families often
	substantial investment in order to provide the best education and life-enriching
	opportunities for their children.
	A high, do C high, make
171	B highly, do D highly, make
	. «I am afraid I, he murmured, «and before I, I insist on your answering a
	questions I put you some time ago.»  A should go, am going, for
	B must be going, go, to
	C ought to go, would go, to
	D must go, am going,
172	. Henry tried me as if we each others for the first time.
112	A treating, saw C to treat, have seen
	B to treat, had seen D treating, had seen
173	of us could help, and we became friends at once.
	A Neither, laughing C None, to laugh
	B Neither, to laugh D Nobody, laughing
174	. He saw her hand coming out to, and she looked at him, in the eyes as she
	shook hands, frankly, a man.
	A him, straightly, like
	B his, straightly, as
	C his, straight, like
	D him, straight, as
175	He waved his hand and muttered that was nothing at all, what he had done, and
	that any fellow it in his place.
	A there, will have done
	B there, would do
	C it, would have done
	D it, will do
176	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	nothing.
	A for, to walk, saw
	B, walking, saw
	C towards, walking, had seen
	D, to walk, see

177.	Money		anything that is	use	ed	payments.	i	
			are, widely, to do					
		В	is, widely, for making					
			is wide, to make					
			are, wide, for doing					
178.			be loyal while you					
170.			ought, will be employed					
				u				
			must, will employ					
			have, are employed					
470			can ought, employ			'a a	1	
179.			the author not pl			with the re	eader.	
			for, fairly					
			of, fairly					
180.	Alaska		to the United State sir	nce	1867, w	hen it	_ from Russia by Secreta	ary
of Sta	ate William F	┨.	Seward.					
		Α	has belonged, was bo	ugh	nt			
			belonged, has been b	_				
			had belonged. has be		•			
			has been belonged. wa		•			
181.			important; the cour		•	2 million vi	citors in 1008	
101.				iu y	L	.Z 1111111011 VI	311013 111 1330.	
			increasingly, has had					
			more increasing, had					
			increasingly, had					
			the most increasing, h					
182.				a	nd	resource	ces risk into wl	nat
demo	ographers ca	all	the demographic trap.					
		Α	raised, limited, to fall					
		В	risen, limiting, falling					
		С	rising, limiting, to fall					
			rising, limited, falling					
183.				S	kinned.	but	most were no darker th	an
			haired Englishmen.	_ `	,			•
			brown,	C.	brown	the		
		/\ D	brownly,	ח	brownly	tho		
101							al History to answer	
				all	Museum	OI INALUIA	al History to answer	
nuna	reds of ques			^				
		Α	make, to do,	C	do, to			
		В	do,	D	make, _			
					-	etired from	າ the museum 20 years aເ	JO,
and i	s approachir	ng	his ninetieth birt	hda	ay.			
		Α	hardly,	С	hardly,	to		
		В	hard,	D	hard, to			
186.							his book when he	а
	urant?		, ,					
10010		Δ	forget, will leave	C.	forget le	Paves		
	•	R	forgetting, left	ח	to foract	اعمدهما		
107							oo lata ta lat har — th	o t
		ΕI	sees all that his mothe	·I	(0 1	11111 1111 115 1	oo late to let her th	iai
ne se	es it.	٨	haa haarii liir	_	الجال	ايلسم		
			has been, know				N	
400			is, knowing					
							is unsuitable for agricultu	ıre
due _	moun	tai	nous terrain or unfavou	ırab	le climate	е.		

		A in, the most, of	C with, a lot, with
		B of, most, to	D in, most, to
189.	The city lie	s in a picturesque highla	nd region between Tiber River and
	Trasimeno.		
		Α,	C the.
		B the, the	D , the
190.		density in 1999 was 1	
		A population, per	
		B population's, in	
191			, the human population more than two
	sand times.	bogining of agriculture	, the named population more than two
uiouc		A had increased on	C has been increased by
		B increased for	
192			numerous of the large animals.
102.		A are	
		B were	
103			ers messages and data quickly through a
		•	ionwide or worldwide communication network.
local		A, sending	
		B The, to send	
10/			lebrated on February 14 by the custom
		gifts to express affection.	
greer		A, sending	
105		B The, to send	. •
		_	er to celebrate event. Tell her to come and
see r		_ noon. We'll speak about	
		A, an, the	
		B a, the, the	∪ a, tne,

# 6. ПРИМЕРНЫЙ ПЕРЕЧЕНЬ ВОПРОСОВ И ЗАДАНИЙ К ЗАЧЁТУ / АТТЕСТАЦИИ И / ИЛИ ТЕМ РЕФЕРАТОВ

#### 7.1. ВОПРОСЫ ДЛЯ ОБЩЕЙ БЕСЕДЫ:

- 1. What is your first name? What is your surname?
- 2. How old are you?
- 3. Where were you born? What is your date of birth?
- 4. What is your address?
- 5. What is your telephone number?
- 6. Are you an only child in the family?
- 7. What are your parents?
- 8. Who do you most take after, your mother or your father?
- 9. What are your household duties?
- 10. Do you always plan your day beforehand?
- 11. Are you a stay-at-home or do you prefer to go out when you have some time to spare?
- 12. Do you often have parties?
- 13. Who is your best friend? Can you describe him/her?
- 14. Do you have much of common or are you different?
- 15. What qualities do you most admire in people?
- 16. What characteristics annoy you most in people?

- 17. What do we call a person who expects good things to happen?
- 18. What do we call a person who expects bad things to happen?
- 19. What subject were you good at? What subject were you bad at?
- 20. Did you like your English classes?
- 21. What did you do during your English lessons?
- 22. When did you begin studying English?
- 23. Have you studied English before you entered the University?
- 24. What marks did you usually get in English?
- 25. Do you find English grammar easy or difficult to study?
- 26. What English-speaking countries do you know? Have you been to any of them?
- 27. Which variant of the English language do you like more: British or American?
- 28. Do you find languages easy or difficult to learn?
- 29. What other languages besides English would you like to learn?
- 30. What language is spoken in France? Germany? China?
- 31. Why is it important to know foreign languages?
- 32. What's the difference between "to take an exam" and "to pass an exam"?
- 33. Do you read much?
- 34. What famous English writers do you know?
- 35. What famous American writers do you know?
- 36. Who are your favorite English (American) authors?
- 37. Which of their books have you read?
- 38. Who are your favorite Russian writers?
- 39. Do you like poetry? Which do you prefer to read, poetry or prose?
- 40. Who are your favorite Russian poets?
- 41. What famous English or American poets do you know?
- 42. Is it difficult for you to read English books in the original?
- 43. What kind of books do you know? What kind of them do you enjoy reading?
- 44. Have you got any books in English at home?
- 45. Do you read newspapers? What newspapers do you read?
- 46. What are your favorite magazines?
- 47. What newspapers and magazines do you subscribe to?
- 48. Which sections of a newspaper are you especially interested in?
- 49. Do you read any newspapers in English? What British newspapers do you know?
- 50. Do you like watching TV? How much time do you spend watching TV?
- 51. What TV programmes are the most popular with young people?
- 52. What are your favorite TV programmes?
- 53. What kind of films do you prefer? Who are your favorite actors?
- 54. Have you seen any film in English?
- 55. Who are your favorite composers?
- 56. Do you enjoy listening to classical music?
- 57. Who are your favorite popular singers and groups?
- 58. Do you play any musical instrument?
- 59. What outstanding scientists do you know?
- 60. Are there any outstanding politicians and public figures in our country?
- 61. What is environment?
- 62. What has man's interference in nature led to?
- 63. Is international cooperation necessary to create a system of ecological security?
- 64. What countries is the UK made up of?
- 65. What is the capital of the UK?
- 66. What is the capital of Scotland?
- 67. Who is the Prime Minister of Great Britain?
- 68. Who is the Queen of Britain?

- 69. What places of interest in London do you know?
- 70. What do you know about the House of Parliament?
- 71. Where is the residence of the Queen?
- 72. What is the capital of the USA?
- 73. Who was the first president of the USA?
- 74. Who is the US President now?
- 75. What great Americans do you know?
- 76. Who discovered America?
- 77. What large cities in the USA do you know?
- 78. Which city is more American: Washington or New York?
- 79. What parts of Russia have you been to?
- 80. Who was Moscow founded by?
- 81. Can you describe the centre of Moscow?
- 82. What historical monuments in Moscow do you know?
- 83. What world-famous museums in Moscow do you know?
- 84. What are the most interesting tourist sites in your city?
- 85. Do you live in the centre or in the suburbs?
- 86. What kinds of public transport do you know?
- 87. Are you fond of travelling?
- 88. If you were free to travel wherever you wanted, what countries would you visit?
- 89. Why do you think so many people like travelling?
- 90. Which is the most convenient way of travelling? Which is the quickest one?
- 91. What are the advantages and disadvantages of travelling by air?
- 92. Have you ever been abroad?
- 93. Do you find time for sports?
- 94. What kinds of sports do you know?
- 95. What is your favorite kind of sport?
- 96. What sports do you enjoy watching?
- 97. What kinds of sports are popular in Britain?
- 98. What must we do to be in good health?
- 99. What are the most important national holidays in Russia?
- 100. What do we celebrate on the 9th of May?
- 101. What religious holidays do you know?
- 102. What is your favorite holiday?
- 103. What are the most important public holidays in Great Britain?
- 104. What are the most important public holidays in the United States?
- 105. How is New Year celebrated in your family?
- 106. Have you got a watch? What time is it now?
- 107. What are you doing now?
- 108. What were you doing at six o'clock in the evening yesterday?
- 109. If you were a millionaire, how would you spend your money?
- 110. Do we have an unemployment problem in Daghestan?
- 111. If you were a President of Daghestan what measures would you take to improve the political and economic situation in the republic?
- 112. What are the most promising branches of industry in Daghestan?
- 113. Which of the political parties do you sympathize with?
- 114. Which of the Russian or Daghestan politicians do you trust to?
- 115. What are your plans for future?

#### 7.2. ВОПРОСЫ ДЛЯ БЕСЕДЫ О НАУЧНОЙ ДЕЯТЕЛЬНОСТИ АСПИРАНТА / СОИСКАТЕЛЯ

- 1. What field of science are you engaged in (do you deal with)?
- 2. What problems is your S.P. devoted to?
- 3. What is the subject of your D.?
- **4.** Has the subject of your D. been approved already?
- 5. What are the main ideas of your dissertation?
- 6. Have you published any articles on the subject of your dissertation? How many?
- 7. Have you drawn up the plan of the D.?
- 8. Have you compiled the bibliography for the dissertation?
- 9. Have you collected any material?
- 10. Have you written the first chapter of the D.?
- 11. Are you going to complete your work within the time limit?
- 12. When are you going to submit the D. for defense?
- 13. Do you find the subject chosen very important (topical)?
- **14.** How many chapters does your D. consist of?
- 15. When did you take your entrance exam?
- 16. Who is your scientific supervisor?
- 17. How often do you see your scientific advisor?
- 18. Are you going to use any illustrations or tables in your scientific paper?
- 19. Do you use a special language or some special terms in writing your thesis?
- 20. What is the purpose of a research paper?

### 8.УЧЕБНО-МЕТОДИЧЕСКОЕ И ИНФОРМАЦИОННОЕ ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ «ИНОСТРАННЫЙ ЯЗЫК»

- 1. Программа по иностранным языкам для вузов неязыковых специальностей. УМО по лингвистическому образованию. М.: 1995.
- 2. Абуева Н.Н., Керимова З.Г. "English for the Post-Graduates" (Английский для аспирантов).
  - Махачкала: АЛЕФ, 2012.
- 3. Англо-русский словарь по экономике и финансам. Под ред. проф. А.В.Аникина.
  - С-Пбг: «Экономическая школа», 1999.
- 4. Бедрицкая Л.В., Василевская Л.И. «Business Vocabulary». Минск: ИП «Экоперспектива», 1998.
- 5. Боярская Ю.А. Короткие тесты на каждый день. М.: Изд-во «Менеджер», 2010.
- 6. Вейзе А. Чтение, реферирование и анкетирование иностранного текста. М.: Высшая школа, 1985.
- 7. *Вознесенский И.Б.* Пособие по корреспонденции на английском языке. Проведение и организация научной конференции. Л.: Наука, 1981.
- 8. Выборнов А.В. Словарь типичных ошибок английского языка. М.: «ЛИБРОКОМ», 2011.
- 9. Зильберман Л.И. Пособие по обучению чтению английской научной литературы. М.: Наука, 1981.
- 10. Качалова К.Н., Израилевич Е.Е. Практическая грамматика английского языка с упражнениями и ключами. С.-Пб.: БАЗИС-КАРО, 2004.
- 11. Костенко С.М., Борковская И.Б., Михельсон Т.Н. Пособие для научных работников по развитию навыков устной речи. Л.: Наука, 1988.
- 12. *Костыгина С.И., Березина О.А., Иванова Ю.А., Папанова Л.В.* «Английский язык для студентов университетов». М.: ИЦ «Академия», 2006.
- 13. Крупаткин Я.Б. Читайте английские научные тексты. М.: Высшая школа, 1991.
- 14. Куликова О.В. Английский язык для экономистов-международников. М.: ГИС, 2012.
- 15. Михайлов Н.Н. Лингвострановедение Англии. М.: ИЦ «Академия», 2006.

- 16. *Михельсон Т.Н., Успенская Н.В.* Пособие по составлению рефератов на английском языке. Л.: Наука, 1980.
- 17. *Мухортов Д.С.* Newspaper Plus. Учебное пособие по развитию полемических навыков. М.: «ЛИБРОКОМ», 2010.
- 18. *Носенко И.А., Горбунов Е.В.* Пособие по переводу научно-технической литературы английского языка на русский. М.: Высшая школа, 1974.
- 19. Романова Л.И. Английская грамматика в тестах. М.: Айрис-Пресс, 2006.
- 20. *Савинова Е.С.* Словарь-минимум для чтения научной литературы на английском языке. М.: Наука, 1979.
- 21. Смирнова Л.Н. Курс английского языка для научных работников. Л.: Наука, 1971.
- 22. Сущинский И.И. Деловая корреспонденция на английском языке. М.: Эксмо, 2007.
- 23. *Федорова Л.М., Никитаев С.Н.* Работа над текстами «Английский для специальных целей» (для аспирантов-экономистов). М.: «Экзамен», 2007.
- 24. Шахова Н.И. и др. Курс английского языка для аспирантов. М.: Наука, 1980.
- 25. *Щавелева Е.Н.* Практикум по развитию умений публичного выступления на английском языке. Для студентов, диссертантов, научных работников. М.: КНОРУС, 2007.
- 26. Learn to Read Science: Курс английского языка для аспирантов и научных работников / Под редакцией Н.И.Шаховой и др. М.: 1993.

### 10. МАТЕРИАЛЬНО-ТЕХНИЧЕСКОЕ ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ «ИНОСТРАННЫЙ ЯЗЫК»

#### МТО дисциплины включает в себя:

- библиотечный фонд (учебная, учебно-методическая, справочная литература (словари), периодические издания (газеты, журналы))
- компьютеризированный класс (аудитория № 221)

Nº ⊓/	№ аудитории	Количество компьюте-	Тип	Программное обеспечение	Лицензионный ключ	
11/		1.0	компьютера	Обеспечение	КЛЮЧ	
П		ров				
1	Компьютерный		Компьютер н	ı/бIntelDualCore		
	класс № 221	6	2180 (DDR 1024	, HDD 160Gb,		
			DVDRW) мон-р	DVDRW) мон-р TFT19"LCD		
			мышь Optical	0S91FF15		
			C/блIntelDualCore			
			1024, HDD 160Gb			
			р TFT19"LCD мыц	IFPI1103		
			ABBYY LINGVO 1			
			ENGLISH ELEMEN			
			REPETITOR ENGI			

#### ДОПОЛНЕНИЯ И ИЗМЕНЕНИЯ В РАБОЧЕЙ ПРОГРАММЕ

за \_\_\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_учебный год В рабочую программу \_\_\_\_\_ (наименование дисциплины) для специальности \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (номер специальности) вносятся следующие изменения:\_\_\_\_\_ Дополнения и изменения внёс\_\_\_\_\_ (должность, Ф.И.О., подпись) Рабочая программа пересмотрена и одобрена на заседании Учёного совета факультета\_\_\_\_\_ «\_\_\_\_»\_\_\_\_\_20\_\_\_г. Председатель Учёного совета